Complex Analysis

Fernando Rodriguez Villegas (15 lectures: 22.5 hrs)

Syllabus - 2018

- (1) Review of complex numbers: plane representation, polar coordinates, conjugation. Basic topology, Euclidean plane.
- (2) Complex differentiation, Cauchy-Riemann equation. Riemann stereographic projection.
- (3) Cauchy sequences, series, Weierstrass M-test. Zeros and poles. Rational functions, equal number of zeros an poles in the Riemann sphere. Möbius transformations.
- (4) Power series, radius of convergence, analyticity. Product of series. The exponential, cosine, sine and logarithm functions.
- (5) Analytic functions as maps. Conformal maps. Möbius transformations, basic hyperbolic geometry in the plane.
- (6) Path integrals. Cauchy's theorem. Goursat's proof for a triangle. Winding number of a path. Path homologous to zero, simply connected regions.
- (7) General Cauchy's theorem, Cauchy's integral formula, Cauchy's estimate. Liouville's theorem. Fundamental theorem of algebra. Morera's theorem.
- (8) Removable singularities. Power series expansion, examples. Uniqueness of analytic functions. Casorati-Weierstrass theorem.
- (9) Local mapping properties of analytic functions. Maximum principle. Schwarz lemma.
- (10) Residue theorem. Argument principle. Rouché's theorem, applications to zeros of polynomials. Gershgorin's lemma.
- (11) Jordan's lemma. Calculation of real integrals by residues.
- (12) Laurent expansion. Infinite products. Weierstrass theorem on convergence of analytic functions.
- (13) Basic theory of the Gamma function.