# 2012-2013 ICTP POSTGRADUATE DIPLOMA PROGRAMME EARTH SYSTEM PHYSICS

Seismology (ESP-SEIS) (12 lectures : 18 hrs)

#### Part I Seismic sources

#### 1. Faulting

Rupture process. Faults and their geometry. Strike, dip, rake and slip Brittle deformation and stresses. Tensile cracking. Shear fracture and Coulomb criterion Frictional sliding. Byerlee's law Stresses and faulting. Stress cycle & Stick slip

### 2. Faults and their representation

Elastodynamic basic theorems Elastodynamic Green function Representation theorem

# 3. Faults and body forces

Equivalent body forces Moment density tensor

Shear Dislocation Far source condition. Moment tensor. Seismic moment. Double couple. Faults and moment tensor components Application to a specific case

#### 4. The elastodynamic Green function

Impulse response & Transfer function. Transformed domain. Convolution theorem
Spherically symmetric problem. Lamè theorem
GF in a isotropic and homogeneous medium. Near and far field

Response to a double-couple. Near, intermediate and far field

#### 5. Focal mechanisms

Faulting and radiation pattern
Basic fault plane solutions
Faults and plates

## Part II Earthquakes and their measurement

#### 6. Earthquakes and seismometry

Extended faults. Haskell model. Rupture time.

Directivity

Source spectra. Omega square model

Seismometry. Inertial instruments. Mechanical and electromagnetic instruments Response curves

#### 7. Earthquakes size and seismometry

Astatic instruments

Digital signals; sampling & dynamic range

Broad band instruments; Feedback & Force balance

Strong motion; noise

## 8. Intensity and magnitude measurements

Intensity

Magnitude. M<sub>L</sub>, m<sub>b</sub>, M<sub>S</sub>. Saturation

Similarity conditions: geometric and dynamic

Moment Magnitude

#### 9. Viscoelasticity

Rheology. Viscoelasticity.

Viscoelastic models: Maxwell, Kelvin-Voigt.

Standard Linear Solid.

#### 10. Viscoelasticity, attenuation and scattering

Complex moduli. Intrinsic Attenuation.

Q in the Earth. Intrinsic Dispersion.

Scattering and its application to the seismic wavefield

# Part III Inversion of seismological data

#### 11. Inverse Problems

General formulation.

Explicit linear discrete case

Equi-, Over-, Under-determined problems

Introduction to the seismological inverse problems

#### 12. Seismic tomography

The structure of the Earth from the surface to the core

Tomography as inverse problem

Introduction to the seismic tomography:

Body-wave tomography; Surface wave tomography

#### **Tutorial**

#### **Lessons from the Tohoku eartquake**

Tsunami physics