# ICTP DIPLOMA PROGRAMME IN EARTH SYSTEM PHYSICS 2012-2013 Physics of the Oceans (ESP-PO)

(12 lectures : 18 hrs)

## Lecture 1

#### Introduction

- Physical Oceanography definition and aims;
- world ocean geography;
- temporal and spatial variability of motion in the ocean.

## Temperature, salinity and density

- Temperature and salinity, definitions;
- geographic distribution (spatial and temporal characteristics);
- density;
- measurements and calculations;
- potential temperature;

## The oceanic heat budget

- Heat budget terms;
- direct and indirect calculations of heat fluxes;
- geographic distribution of terms;
- meridional heat transport;
- global warming.

# Lecture 2

## The freshwater budget

- Freshwater sources and sinks for the world ocean:
- geographic distribution of terms;
- global warming and freshwater budget;
- estuarine and anti-estuarine circulation.

# **Geostrophic currents**

- Geostrophic aproximation;
- hydrostatic equilibrium;
- thermal wind relation;
- barotropic and baroclinic flow;
- interior flow and boundary layers;
- limitations of the geostrophic aproximation.

#### Wind influence and bottom friction

- Ekman layer and Ekman balance;
- Ekman mass transport;
- inertial oscillations;
- bottom boundary layer.

#### Lecture 3

## Vorticity in the ocean

- Definition of vorticity;
- conservation of vorticity;
- vorticity and friction;
- Ekman pumping.

# World ocean circulation and global processes

- Global conveyor belt;
- western intensification;
- coastal and open ocean upwelling.

#### Lecture 4

## Waves in the ocean

- Rossby waves;
- Kelvin waves (equatorial and coastal);
- baroclinic and barotropic wave solutions.

## **Equatorial dynamics and climate variability**

- El Nino and teleconnections:
- Observing and predicting El Nino.

# Suggested reading:

- Benoit Cushman Roisin, 1994: Introduction to Geophysical fluid Dynamics, 320 pp.,
   Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey 07632.
- Robert H. Stewart, 2000: Introduction to Physical Oceanography, Dept. Of Oceanography, Texas A&M University, 343 pp. (<a href="http://oceanworld.tamu.edu/resources/ocng\_textbook/contents.html">http://oceanworld.tamu.edu/resources/ocng\_textbook/contents.html</a>)

 Matthias Tomczak, 2002: An Introduction to Physical Oceanography, Flinders University of South Australia in Adelaide, 13 lectures. (<a href="http://www.es.flinders.edu.au/~mattom/IntroOc/">http://www.es.flinders.edu.au/~mattom/IntroOc/</a>)

# Physics of the Oceans: instrumentation

#### Pierre-Marie POULAIN

## Lecture 1

Introduction. Classical methods (Research vessels, XBT, CTD, Rosette, current meters, tide gauges, etc.)

## Lecture 2

Autonomous systems (moored buoys, surface drifters, sub-surface floats and profilers, gliders, AUVs, etc.)

## Lecture 3

Remote sensing: ADCP, acoustic tomography, HF coastal radars

### Lecture 4

Remote sensing from satellites (Sea surface temperature & ocean color , altimetry, scatterometry, SAR)

## Suggested reading:

- Chaper 1. Data Acquisition and Recording Data Analysis Methods in Physical Oceanography W. J. Emery & R. E. Thomson Elsevier
- Oceanographic Instrumentation
   An Introduction to Physical Oceanography
   M. Tomczak
   http://www.es.flinders.edu.au/~mattom/IntroOc/lecture13.html
- Instrumentation for Physical Oceanography: the last two decades and beyond
   C. C. Eriksen
- Autonomous Underwater Gliders
   C. Eriksen
   www.geo-prose.com/ALPS/white\_papers/eriksen.pdf

# Physics of the Oceans: numerical models

#### **Alessandro Crise**

## Lecture 1: Geophysical Fluid Dynamic - the Oceans case 1

- Geophysical Fluid Dynamics basic eqs:
- Navier Stokes (NS) equations derivation
- Conservation of mass, momentum and energy
- Spherical coordinates
- NS Properties

# Lecture 2: Geophysical Fluid Dynamic - the Oceans case 2

- Scale analysis
- Adimensional numbers in GFD
- Popular approximation in NS ocean applications
- Primitive equations
- · Consequences of non-linearity
- Taylor curtains

# Lecture 3: Numerical modelling 1

- Continuous equation approximation
- Consistence, Stability, Convergence
- Timestepping schemes
- · Finite differences
- Stability
- · CFL criterion

# Lecture 4: Numerical modelling 2

- Horizontal coordinates
- Spatial discretization and waves
- Staggered grids
- Finite difference and finite volumes
- Vertical coordinates systems

## Main suggested reading:

B. Cushman-Roisin& J- M.Beckers: Introduction to Geophysical Fluid Dynamics: Physical and Numerical Aspects, to be published by Academic Press <a href="http://engineering.dartmouth.edu/~cushman/books/GFD.html">http://engineering.dartmouth.edu/~cushman/books/GFD.html</a>

## Additional references:

Haidvogel&Beckman 'Numerical Ocean Circulation Modelling' Imperial College Press.1999

Kanta&Clayson 'Numerical Models of Oceans and Oceanic Processes', Academic Press,2000

MITOPENCOURSEWARE-12.003 Physics of Atmosphere andOceans <a href="http://ocw.mit.edu/OcwWeb/Earth--Atmospheric--and-Planetary-Sciences/12-003Fall-2007/CourseHome/index.htm">http://ocw.mit.edu/OcwWeb/Earth--Atmospheric--and-Planetary-Sciences/12-003Fall-2007/CourseHome/index.htm</a>