Numerical methods II: syllabus for the first part

February 14, 2022

This part of the course will be made up by 2 topics: introduction to Monte Carlo methods (first 4 lectures) and advanced Monte Carlo methods (last 2 lectures).

Monte Carlo methods - Lect 1-6

- brief review of Monte Carlo integration, and a few python examples;
- ergodicity, global balance, and detailed balance conditions in Markov chains;
- Metropolis algorithm;
- Metropolis algorithm for the classical Ising model;
- autocorrelation functions and critical slowing down;
- cluster updates and Wolff algorithm;
- advanced data analysis: the Jacknife method;
- machine learning meets (simple) Monte Carlo: k-means applied to partition functions, and eventually principal component analysis.

Breakdown of the lectures:

- 1. Lecture 1: introduction to Monte Carlo (MC) integration.
 - a simple example: evaluate the area of a sphere
 - probability function, sampling function
 - direct sampling
 - First MC code: evaluation of π via hit or miss; play a bit and *a*) change the number of points. what does happen? *b*) run the code several times: is the error constant?
 - Brief python reminder: plotting with matplotlib;
 - First exercise : evaluate the volume of a 3D and 10D sphere;
 - comparison with Riemann integration;
- 2. Lecture 2: variance estimation and importance sampling
 - error scaling: variance of an estimator;

- Second MC code: MC error scaling in the evaluation of π via hit or miss.
- Second exercise : evaluate the volume of a 3D and the corresponding error; show that the latter scales with $O(1/\sqrt{N})$;
- importance sampling: general notion, example with a 1D integral;
- 3. Lecture 3: Markov Chain Monte Carlo and Metropolis algorithm
 - Exercise review : review of evaluation of 3D and 10D Spheres.
 - Markov chain: definition and connection to the notion of independent sampling;
 - Detailed balance condition;
 - Metropolis algorithm;
- 4. Lecture 4: Markov Chain Monte Carlo simulations of the Ising model on the square lattice
 - recap of Metropolis;
 - Third MC code: evaluation of π via importance sampling (an overkill!).
 - Fourth MC code: evaluation of multi-dimensional integrals with Metropolis algorithm, error scaling.
 - Third exercise : integrals with Metropolis.
 - Further reading: Monte Carlo algorithms with only global balance.
 - Ising model: review of its basic properties within mean field theory and high-temperature expansions;
 - Why are simulations important? motivation
 - Metropolis algorithm for the Ising model: single spin updates;
 - Fifth MC code: Ising model with single spin updates.
 - a funky way to detect magnetism: clustering of correlations and k-means [if time allows].
- 5. Lecture 5: critical slowing down
 - correlations in MC data sets: why are they taking place? what are their consequences?
 - autocorrelation functions and critical slowing down in the Ising model: the dynamical critical exponent;
 - Sixth MC code: autocorrelation functions in the Ising model;
 - Jacknife analysis: another method to detect autocorrelations [if time allows].
- 6. Lecture 6: Cluster algorithms
 - how to fight critical slowing down: detect relevant degrees of freedom;
 - cluster algorithms: Swedsen-Wang [if time allows];
 - cluster algorithm: Wolff's algorithm and cluster updates.